



Essential Principles for a Successful Circular Collection System

A well-constructed producer responsibility system provides the opportunity to create an efficient, financially sustainable collection program for all recyclable materials used for consumer goods, including plastic, aluminum, cardboard, paper and glass.



Have strong environmental outcomes that collect all recyclable materials in an efficient manner



Be convenient to consumers so they recycle consistently and properly



Create non-profit organization where government sets scope and provides oversight, and private sector operates and funds the system. The system must ensure that producer fees paid into the system go solely toward operating and investing in the system



Provide producer access to recovered material to ensure that producers have access to their recyclable materials for making new products

Key Components of an Effective Producer Responsibility Collection Program

- Impacted products include all types of consumer goods packaging and printed paper.
- A single, nonprofit Producer Responsibility Organization (PRO) manages the funding of the system, sets fees for producers, implements system changes, contracts for recycling services.
- Producer fees are set by material type, based on the cost to recycle the material minus scrap value.
- A designated government agency evaluates and approves the PRO's plan for achieving goals, monitors progress, and provides enforcement.
- Fees fund 100% of the net cost for residential recycling of packaging and printed paper for single and multi-family dwellings, including the government's cost of rulemaking, oversight and enforcement.
- Obligated producers have right of first refusal to their share of recovered material at market terms.